

PUBLIC NOTICE

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS CHICAGO DISTRICT

PUBLIC NOTICE/APPLICATION NUMBER: LRC-2024-00422

COMMENT PERIOD BEGINS: October 3, 2024 **COMMENT PERIOD EXPIRES:** November 2, 2024

PUBLIC NOTICE

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

APPLICANT

Dan Repay Little Cal River Basin Development Commission 900 Ridge Rd. Suite H Munster, Indiana 46321

PROPOSED ACTION

Proposal to repair areas of eroded and damaged streambank of Hart Ditch with grading and installation of shoreline stabilization practices. (see attached drawings). A detailed description of this proposal is provided on page 2 of this notice.

LOCATION OF PROPOSED ACTION

Hart Ditch north of Fran-Lin Parkway in Munster, Lake County, Indiana, 46321 (Latitude 41.54505, Longitude -87.48707).

Interested parties are hereby notified that an application has been received for a Department of the Army permit for the activity described herein and as shown on the attached drawings. You are invited to provide your comments by **November 2, 2024,** on the proposed work, which will become part of the record and will be considered in the decision. A permit will be issued or denied under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act of 1972 (33 U.S.C. 1344).

Written comments shall be mailed to:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Chicago District, Regulatory Branch Attn: **LRC-2024-00422**, Mr. Aaron Spencer 231 South LaSalle Street, Suite 1500 Chicago, Illinois 60604-1437

It should be noted that ALL comments received by this office (via hard copy or electronic) will only be accepted with the full name and address, and email address, if available of the individual commenting, and must be received by the close of the public notice period. Electronic comments may be sent to the project manager at Aaron.D.Spencer@usace.army.mil.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The project purpose is to repair areas of eroded and damaged streambank with grading and installation of shoreline stabilization practices. The project stream length is approximately 950-feet and is proposed to have both toe stabilization and full bank stabilization. A 2:1 (H:V) slope will be designed in the project locations where feasible, however, a 1.5:1 (H:V) slope may need to be designed in certain locations to not disturb/excavate upland areas which consist of backyards or decrease the cross-sectional conveyance area of the channel at the lower bank while maintaining the waterway cross sectional opening. Within the 950 linear feet of stream channel, 1,900 feet of shoreline improvements will be installed discharging approximately 700 cubic yards of riprap stone impacting 0.25 acres. Native vegetation will be installed along the streambank above the riprap stone.

Hart Ditch has experienced flooding and erosion that has resulted in significant erosion of the stream bank and subsequent risk to homes and infrastructure. Due to the extreme risk of catastrophic slope failure, the Lake County Surveyors Office directed Hart Ditch be restored within this reach of channel.

AVOIDANCE & MINIMIZATION

The applicant has stated the following concerning avoidance and minimization of impacts to Waters of the United States:

"The stabilization project is only being completed where there is active erosion."

MITIGATION

The applicant has stated the following concerning compensatory mitigation for unavoidable impacts to Waters of the United States:

"This project will not cause the loss of more than 0.1-acres of wetlands or streams. Significant erosion over the past several decades has degraded the streambank in the area. The proposed project will restore the streambanks to a more stable and natural side slope while maintaining the waterway cross sectional opening. Private property and infrastructure along the waterway is at future risk if no corrective action is taken. Only the lower few feet of the waterway is to be lined with stone riprap, which over the years will fill in with sediment and support vegetation, as has been seen at other nearby streambank stabilization projects. The remainder of the streambank will be enhanced with native plants The project will result in a net water quality benefit due to

the significant reduction in sediment loading to the waterway. And the native plantings will help improve floristic diversity in the area."

The Corps has not verified the adequacy of this mitigation proposal at this time and will make the final determination on whether the proposed mitigation is appropriate and practicable in accordance with 33 CFR Part 332.

REGULATORY AUTHORITY

This proposed action will be reviewed according to the provisions Section 404 of the Clean Water Act of 1972.

JURISDICTION

This application will be reviewed according to the provisions of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act of 1972 due to placement of fill below the Ordinary High Water Mark of Hart Ditch assumed by the applicant to be jurisdictional since the applicant has not requested an Approved Jurisdictional Determination.

EVALUATION FACTORS

The decision whether to issue a permit will be based on an evaluation of probable impact including cumulative impacts of the proposed activity on the public interest. That decision will reflect the national concern for both protection and utilization of important resources. The benefit which reasonably may be expected to accrue from the proposal must be balanced against its reasonably foreseeable detriments.

All factors which may be relevant to the proposal will be considered including the cumulative effects thereof; among those are conservation, economics, aesthetics, general environmental concerns, wetlands, historic properties, fish and wildlife values, flood hazards, floodplain values, land use, navigation, shoreline erosion and accretion, recreation, water supply and conservation, water quality, energy needs, safety, food and fiber production, mineral needs, considerations of property ownership and, in general, the needs and welfare of the people. In addition, if the proposed activity involves the discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States, the evaluation of the impact on the public interest will include application of Section 404(b)(1) guidelines (40 CFR 230) promulgated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

The Corps of Engineers is also soliciting comments from the public, Federal, state and local agencies, Indian tribes, and other interested parties in order to consider and evaluate the potential impacts of the proposed activity. Once this office completes a review of the comments received, it will be determined whether to issue, modify, condition, or deny a permit for this proposal.

To prepare this decision, comments are taken into consideration to assess impacts on the public interest factors listed above, as well as endangered species, historic properties, water quality, and general environmental effects. Comments will be used in the preparation of an Environmental Assessment and/or Environmental Impact Statement pursuant to the National Environmental

Policy Act. A determination concerning the need for a public hearing will also be based on the comments received.

PRELIMINARY EVALUATION OF SELECTED FACTORS

WATER QUALITY:

A Department of the Army permit, if otherwise warranted, will not be issued for this project until a Section 401 Water Quality Certification (WQC) from the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) is on file in this office or is considered waived. The applicant is responsible for obtaining the certification from IDEM. This public notice serves as the public notice for the application for a Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 401 Water Quality Certification. IDEM will review this proposal for compliance with the applicable provisions of Section 301, 302, 303, 306 and 307 of the CWA, including the state water quality standards currently set forth at 327 IAC 2. They will consider comments regarding this proposal postmarked by the closing date of this notice.

Comments to IDEM should be addressed to:

IDEM, Office of Water Quality, Section 401 WQC Program 100 N. Senate Ave., IGCN 1255 Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

ENDANGERED AND THREATENED SPECIES:

The Corps of Engineers has determined that the proposed activity would not affect any federallylisted endangered or threatened species or critical habitat for any endangered or threatened species, pursuant to the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.). Therefore, consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act does not appear to be warranted at this time.

HISTORIC PROPERTIES/CULTURAL RESOURCES:

Preliminary review indicates that the proposed activity is not likely to adversely affect any historic property which is listed, or eligible for listing, on the National Register of Historic Places.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT

A preliminary determination has been made that an environmental impact statement is not required for the proposed work.

PUBLIC HEARING

Any person may request in writing, within the comment period specified in this notice, that a public hearing be held to consider this application. Requests for public hearing shall state with particularity the reasons for holding a public hearing. A request for a hearing may be denied if

substantive reasons for holding a hearing are not provided or if there is otherwise no valid interest to be served.

It should be noted that materials submitted as part of the permit application become part of the public record and are thus available to the general public under the procedures of the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA). Individuals may submit a written request to obtain materials under FOIA or make an appointment to view the project file at the Chicago District Corps of Engineers Office of Counsel.

Interested parties wishing to comment on the proposed activity must do so in writing no later than November 2, 2024. It is presumed that all parties receiving this notice will wish to respond to this public notice; therefore, a lack of response will be interpreted as meaning that there is no objection to the project as described. This public notice is not a paid advertisement and is for public information only. Issuance of this notice does not imply Corps of Engineers endorsement of the project as described.

If you have any questions, please contact Mr. Aaron Spencer of my staff by telephone at (312) 846-5540, or email at <u>Aaron.D.Spencer@usace.army.mil</u>. **It should be noted that ALL comments received by this office will only be accepted with the full name and address of the individual commenting**. You can also visit our website at http://www.lrc.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory.aspx

LITTLE CALUMET RIVER BASIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION HART DITCH STABILIZATION NORTH OF FRAN LIN PARKWAY PHASE 1 MUNSTER, LAKE COUNTY, INDIANA



SHEET 1 OF 13







9575 W. Higgins Road, Suite 600 Rosemont, Illinois 60018 (847) 823-0500 (847) 823-0500



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AERIAL DATE: MARCH 21, 2022.



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AND REMOVAL PLAN

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9575 W. Higgins Road, Suite 600 9575 W. Higgins Road, Su Rosemont, Illinois 60018 (847) 823-0500





LITTLE CALUMET RIVER BASIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION

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NOTE: A MINIMUM 35-FOOT CHANNEL WIDTH AT NORMAL-WATER-LEVEL (NWL) SHALL BE PRE-SERVED IN THE WATERWAY. PLEASE CONTACT THE ENGINEER IF THIS IS NOT FEASIBLE AT CERTAIN LOCATIONS.

SEE DETAILS ON SHEET 10 PERTAINING TO THE PROPOSED STREAMBANK STABILIZATION MEASURES AT EACH LOCATION OF THE PROJECT SITE. NOTE:

WATER LEVEL WAS AT NORMAL BASE FLOW CONDITION IN THIS AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY. EXISTING CONTOURS NEAR WATER SURFACE HAVE BEEN CLIPPED. 2018 LIDAR DATA WAS USED TO GENERATE THE CONTOURS. EXISTING CONTOURS SHOULD ONLY BE USED AS A REFERENCE.

AERIAL DATE: MARCH 21, 2022.

PROPOSED PLAN

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<u>LEGEND</u>

- $\Delta I F 1'' = 20'$
- <u>1+00</u> _____ STATIONING
- - EXISTING STORM SEWER
 - OUTFALL
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- SC —— SILT CURTAIN
- x ----- x -- FENCE
- _____ UTILITY POLE AND OVERHEAD WIRE
- ===== RETAINING WALL
 - 6 6 6
- NEW TREES (21' O.C.)
- NEW SHRUBS (GROUP OF 3) NEW LIVE STAKES (6' O.C.)

EXISTING TREE TO BE REMOVED

— OHWM (EL. ±597)

NOTE: CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH LCSO, LAKE COUNTY HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT , AND RESIDENT/PROPERTY OWNERS REGARDING ACCESS TO THE SITE AND PLACEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, VEHICLE AND MATERIALS.

RESTORE ALL STREAMBANK DISTURBED AREAS WITH NAG SC150BN EROSION CONTROL BLANKET AND LISTED SEEDING SLOPE MIX.

RESTORE ALL REAR YARD/UPLAND AREAS WITH APPROPRIATE MEASURES, SUCH AS, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, 4" TOPSOIL AND TURF GRASS SEED MIX.

SILT FENCE AND STRAW WATTLE TO BE USED FOR TEMPORARY SPOIL FILES, IF ANY, AND IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE ENGINEER.

SEE "SEE LIVE STAKES DETAIL ON SHEET 11 FOR LIVE STAKE INSTALLATION.

AERIAL DATE: MARCH 21,2022.

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EROSION CONTROL SEQUENCE BEFORE CONSTRUCTION, STAKE THE PROJECT LIMITS. 2. INSTALL PERIMETER PROTECTION IN THE FORM OF SILT FENCE AND SILT

- CURTAIN. INSTALL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, IF NEEDED.
- 4. CONTRACTOR SHALL DEVELOP DEWATERING/WATER DIVERSION PLAN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INDIANA STORMWATER QUALITY MANUAL AND SUBMIT TO ENGINEER FIR REVIEW AND APPROVAL.
- 5. CONRACTOR SHALL MINIMIZE SIZE, AREA OF DISTURBANCE, AND TIME OF EXPOSURE. DISTURBED SOIL SHALL BE SEEDED AND MULCHED AS WORK PROCEEDS,
- PERFORM EXCAVATION AS REQUIRED TO INSTALL PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS. 7. PLACE RIPRAP WITH EROSION CONTROL BLANKET AND OTHER IMPROVEMENTS AS SHOWN ON PLANS.
- 8. PLACE SEED, FERTILIZER AND MULCH/TOPSOIL, IF NEEDED, ON ALL DISTURBED AREAS WITH SLOPES FLATTER THAN (3(H):1(V) WITH SPECIFIED SEED MIX SEED, FERTILIZER AND EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS SHALL BE PALCED ON ALL DISTURBED AREAS WITH SLOPES 3(H):1(V) OR STEEPER.
- 9. MAINTAIN EROSION AND SEDIMENT PRACTICES THROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTROL DUST ON THE PROJECT SITE WITH WATER TRUCKS. CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM STREET SWEEPING AS NECESSARY TO KEEP PUBLIC AND PRIVATE ROADWAYS BEING USED AS TRANSPORTATON ROUTED CLEAN OF DIRT, DUST AND INCIDENTAL CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS
- 10. REMOVE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES UPON OWNER'S APPROVAL AND VEGETATION ESTABLISHED AND APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

GENERAL NOTES FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL SEQUENCE

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL, MONITOR, AND MAINTAIN ALL REQUIRED EROSION CONTROL MEASURES IN A ACCORDANCE WITH THE "INDIANA STORM WATER QUALITY MANUAL".
- TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FEATURES TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM LEAVING THE SITE SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE AT APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS. EROSION CONTROL FEATURES SHALL BE INSPECTED FOLLOWING EACH RAINFALL EVENT. ACCUMULATION SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY. DAMAGED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FEATURES SHALL BE REPAIRED AND REPLACED IMMEDIATELY.
- CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS AND WASTE, SUCH AS GARBAGE, DEBRIS, CLEANING WASTE, ETC., SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE AND KEPT OUT OF WATER COURSES. PROPER/LEGAL DISPOSAL AND MANAGEMENT OF ALL WASTE IS REQUIRED.
- 4. THE DURATION OF TIME WHICH AN AREA REMAINS EXPOSED SHALL BE KEPT TO A PRACTICAL MNIMUM DEPENDING ON THE WEATHER. IF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS TO CEASEFOR MORE THAN 14 DAYS, THE DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE TEMPORARILY SEEDED.
- TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL FEATURES INCLUDE CONSTRUCTION
- ENTRANCE, SILT FENCE, INLET FILTERS, AND VEGETATION. 6. PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL/STABILIZATION INCLUDE RIPRAP,
- PERMANENTLY VEGETATION. PERMANENTLY STABILIZE WITH SEED AND MULCH ALL DISBURBED AREAS
- THAT ARE COMPLETED. PLACE TEMPORARY SEED AND MULCH IN ALL DISTURBED AREAS THAT ARE UNABLE TO BE PERMANENTLY SEEDED. THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION, MAINTAIN THE EROSION CONTROL MEASURES
- AS DESCRIBED ON THE PLANS. 9. REMOVE ALL SILT FROM THE PROJECT SITE AFTER PERMANENT VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED; REDISTRIBUTE IN APPROPRIATE AREAS OR DISPOSE OFFSITE.

FILT FENCING

- **REQUIREMENTS:**
- SURFACE.
- SURFACE.
- SURFACE OF 24-INCHES.

INSTALLATION

- TRENCHING MACHINE IS NEEDED ON LONG RUNS).

- 4. BACKFILL AND COMPACT SOIL ON BOTH SIDES.

MAINTENANCE:

INSPECT THE SILT FENCE PERIODICALLY AND AFTER EACH STORM EVENT. IF FENCE FABRIC TEARS, STARTS TO DECOMPOSE, OR IN ANY WAY BECOMES INEFFECTIVE, REPLACE THE AFFECTED PORTION IMMEDIATELY. REMOVE DEPOSITED SEDIMENT WHEN IT REACHES HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE FENE AT ITS LOWEST POINT OR IS CAUSING THE FABRI TO BULGE. TAKE CARE TO AVOID UNDERMINING THE FENCE DURING CLEANOUT. AFTER THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN STABILIZED, REMOVE THE FENCE AND SEDIMENT DEPOSITS, BRING THE DISTURBED AREA TO GRADE AND STABILIZE.

CHRISTOPHER B. BURKE ENGINEERING, LTD. 9575 W. Higgins Road, St Rosemont, Illinois 60018 (847) 823-0500 9575 W. Higgins Road, Suite 600 (847) 823-0500

1. FENCE POSTS SHALL BE BURIED 18-INCHES MINIMUM BELOW THE GROUND FENCE POSTS SHALL BE SPARED AT A MAXIMUM OF 6-FEET LATERALLY. 3. SILT FENCE FABRIC SHALL BE BURIED 8-INCHES MINIMUM BELOW GROUND 4. FENCE POST SHALL BE HAVE A MINIMUM HEIGHT ABOVE THE GROUND

DIG AN 8-INCHES DEEP TRENCH ALONG PROPOSED FENCE LINE (A POUND STAKE IN TRENCH 18-INCHES MINIMUM. BE SURE TO STRETCH 3. FABRIC TAUT WHEN POUNDING STAKES. (NOTE: STAKE MUST BE ON THE DOWNHILL OR DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF THE FENCE.

SILT FENCE DETAIL

EROSION CONTROL BLANKET

REQUIREMENTS;

- 1. NORTH AMERICAN GREEN SC150BN EROSION CONTROL BLANKET OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT.
- 2. ALL EROSION CONTROL BLANKET USED SHALL BE 100% BIODEGRADEABLE. 3. ALL STAKES USED FOR EROSION CONTROL BLANKET SHALL BE WOODEN OR
- BIODEGRADEABLE NO METALS STAKES SHALL BE USED. 4. NORTH AMERICAN GREEN C125BN EROSION CONTROL BLANKET SHALL BE USED UNDER RIPRAP INSTALLATION TO HELP PREVENT SOIL FROM "PIPING" THROUGH THE LARGER STONE.

INSTALLATION

- 1. BEGIN AT THE TOP OF THE SLOPE BY ANCHORING THE BLANKET IN A 6-INCH WIDE TRENCH WITH APPROXIMATELY 12-INCHES OF BLANKET EXTENDED BEYOND THE UP-SLOPE PORTION OF THE TRENCH. ANCHOR THE BLANKET WITH A ROW OF STAKES APPROXIMATELY 12-INCHES APART IN THE BOTTOM OF THE TRENCH. BACKFILL AND COMPACT THE TRENCH AFTER STAKING.
- 2. ROLL THE BLANKET DOWN THE SLOPE, BLANKETS WILL UNROLL WITH THE APPROPRIATE SIDE AGAINST THE ROLL SURFACE. ALL BLANKETS MUST BE SECURELY FASTENED TO SOIL SURFACE BY PLACING STAKES IN APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS AS PER MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS.
- 3. THE EDGE OF PARALLEL BLANKETS MUST BE STAKES WITH APPROXIMATELY 2- TO 5- INCHES OVERLAP. PLACE THE EDGES OF THE OVERLAPPING BLANKET EVEN WITH THE COLORED SEAM STITCH ON THE PREVIOUSLY INSTALLED BLANKET.
- 4. CONSECUTIVE BLANKETS SPLICED DOWN THE SLOPE MUST BE PLACED AND OVER END (SHINGLE STYLE) WITH AN APPRORIATE 3-INCHES OVERLAP. STAKES THROUGH OVERLLAPED AREA, APPROXIMATELY 12-INCHES APART ACROSS ENTIRE BLANKET WIDTH.
- INSTALL SEEDING AS SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.
- 6. INSTALL EROSION CONTROL BLANKET AT LOCATIONS SPECIFIED ON PLANS.

MAINTENANCE

DURING VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT, INSPECT AFTER STORM EVENTS FOR EROSION BELOW THE BLANKET. IF ANY AREA SHOWS EROSION, PULL BACK THE PORTION OF THE BLANKET COVERING IT, ADD SOIL, RESEED THE AREA, AND RE-LAY AND STAKE THE BLANKET. AFTER VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT, CHECK THE TREATED AREA PERIODICALLY. ADD ADDITIONAL STAKES AS NECESSARY TO SECURELY ANCHOR THE EROSION CONTROL LANKET.

EROSION CONTROL BLANKET DETAIL

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CONSTRUCTION	DETAILS

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SHEET	12	OF	13			
DRAWING NO.						
DET–3						

<u>Permanent Grasses</u>			
Scientific Name Comm	non Name	PLS Oz/Acre	Plant Height
Andropogon gerardii	Big Blue Stem	16.00	4 – 8'
Bouteloua curtipendula	Side Oats Grama	16.00	2 – 4'
Elymus canadensis	Canada Wild Rye	22.00	3 – 6'
Panicum virgatum	Switch Grass	3.00	2 – 5'
Schizachyrium scoparium	Little Blue Stem	32.00	2 – 4'
Sorghastrum nutans	Indian Grass	32.00	4 – 9'
		121.00	
<u>-orbs</u>	Buttorfly Wood	2.00	1
Aster poveo englico	Now England Actor	2.00	1-5
	New England Aster	2.00	3-0
	Partriage Pea	3.00	2-4
Coreopsis paimata	Prairie Coreopsis	2.00	1-2
Echinacea purpurea	Purple Coneflower	4.00	3-5
Liatris aspera	Rough Blazing Star	1.00	2-3
Monarda fistulosa	Wild Bergamot	4.00	2-5
Potentilla arguta	Prairie Cinquefoil	1.00	1-3'
Pycnanthemum virginianum	Virginia Mountain Min	t 1.00	1 – 3'
Ratibida pinnata	Yellow Coneflower	4.00	3 - 6'
Rudbeckia hirta	Black-Eyed Susan	4.00	1-3'
Solidago juncea	Early Goldenrod	1.00	2-4'
Vernonia fasciculata	Common Ironweed	2.00	3 - 7'
Asclepias Syriaca	Common Milkweed	4.00	3 - 7'
		35.00	
Temporary Cover			
Avena sativa	Seed Oats	1440.00	1-3'
Lolium multiflorum	Annual Rye	480.00	1-3'
		1920.00	

Mycorrhizal Inoculum

Note:

Hart Ditch Slope Mix

All native seed mixes shall be combined with an appropriate endomycorrhizal inoculant such as AM 120 Mycorrhizal Inoculum (or comparable). The inoculants shall contain a diverse mixture of glomales fungal species (*Glomus* spp.) in pelletized form. Application rate shall be as specified by the manufacturer. Seed shall be mixed with the granular form of endomycorrhizal inoculant at the rate specified by the manufacturer prior to installation.

<u>Species Name</u>	Common Name	Wetland Indicator	<u>Quantity</u>
Live Stake			
Cephalanthus occidentalis	Buttonbush	OBL	27
Cornus amomum	Silky Dogwood	FACW+	27
Cornus sericea (C. stolonifera)	Red Osier Dogwood	FACW+	27
Salix exigua ssp interior	Sandbar Willow	OBL	27
Salix nigra	Black Willow	OBL	27
Sambucus Canadensis	Elderberry	FACW-	28
Viburnum lentago	Nannyberry	FAC+	29
3-Gallon Shrubs			
llex verticillata	Winterberry	FACW+	22
Physocarpus opulifolius	Ninebark	FACW-	22
Prunus virginiana	Chokecherry	FAC-	22
Spiraea alba	Meadowsweet	FACW+	22
Aronia melanocarpa	Black Chokeberry	FACW	22
Lindera benzoin	Spicebush	FACW-	22
Viburnum trilobum	American Cranberry	FACW	22
Alnus rugosa	Speckled Alder	FACW	22
Staphylea trifolia	Bladdernut	FAC	22
10-Gallon Tree (5'-6' Tall)			
Acer rubrum	Red Maple	FAC	9
Carpinus caroliniana	Hornbeam	FAC	9
Nyssa sylvatica	Blackgum	FAC	8
Quercus palustris	Pin Oak	FACW	8
Quercus bicolor	Swamp White Oak	FACW+	8
Quercus muehlenbergii	Chinkapin Oak	FACU	8
Quercus macrocarpa	Bur Oak	FAC	8
Carya laciniosa	Shellbark Hickory	FACW	8
Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	FACW	8

PERMANENT VEGETATION: Installation:

Optimum seeding dates are March 1 through May 10 and August 10 through September 30. Permanent seeding done between May 10 and August 10 may need to be irrigated. As an alternative, use temporary seeding until the preferred date for permanent seeding.

- grades indicated in the Drawings. firm the seedbed with a roller or cultipacker.
- tracks from the cultipacker and/or seed drill.

Maintenance:

Inspect periodically, especially after storm events, until the stand is successfully established (characteristics of a successful stand include: vigorous dark green or blue-ish green seedings; uniform density with nurse plants and grasses well intermixed; and the perennials remaining green throughout the summer, at least at the plant base). Repair damaged, bare or sparse areas by filling any gullies, over- or reseeding and installation of mulch and woven coir. If plant cover is sparse or patchy, review the plant material chosen, soil fertility, moisture condition, and mulching; then repair the affected area either by over-seeding or reseeding and mulching after re-preparing the seedbed. If vegetation fails to grow, perform soil testing to determine acidity or nutrient deficiency problems. If fertilization is needed to get a satisfactory stand, do so according to soil test recommendations.

STREAMBANK RIPARIAN SEEDING NOTES AND SCHEDULE

TURF GRASS SEEDING NOTES:

1.Install a minimum of 4" inches of topsoil in upland areas prior to seeding.

2.Tall Fescue may not be used.

		Pounds/AcreABCD			re		
Common Name	Scientific Name				D		
Permanent Ground C	Cover:						
Kentucky Bluegrass	Poa pratensis	10	-	-	-		
Perennial Rye Grass Lolium perenne		6	-	-	-		
Alsike Clover	Tryfolium hybridum	5					
Temporary Cover:							
Annual Rye Grass	Lolium multiflorum	20	-	-	-		
Fertilize at 43 lbs /acre							

STREAMBANK SEED MIX AND WOODY VEGETATION SPECIES

Species with a facultative upland ("FACU") status are planted in the floodway farthest from the stream or within dryer areas. Species with a facultative ("FAC") or a facultative wetland ("FACW") status are placed in the floodway closest to the stream or within wetter areas. Species with an indicator status of

obligate wetland ("OBL") are placed in the wettest areas of the floodway.

					DSGN.	JLW		TITLE:
					DWN.	EAT		7
					CHKD.	ттв		
N I					SCALE:	N.1	ſ . S.	
					PLOT DATE:	8/27	/2024	7
					CAD USER:	elmo	toda	
	NO.	DATE	NATURE OF REVISION	CHKD.	MODEL:	Def	ault	7
	FIL	E NAME	N:\LCS0 IN\930169.02024D\Water\Plan Set\13_930169.02024D_DET_4.c	lan				

1. Verify that the area to be vegetated has been finish graded to the lines and

2. Use Seed Mix A as specified on plans. Apply seed uniformly with a drill or cultipacker-seeder, by broadcasting, or another method approved by the Engineer. Cover to a depth of $\frac{1}{4}$ - to $\frac{1}{2}$ -inches. If drilling or broadcasting,

3. Use hand tools to remove ruts or uneven surfaces in the slope, including

4. Install one (1) inch of clean (weed free) wheat straw on seeded areas. Cover straw with jute material and install wooden stakes per manufacturers recommendation for streams and slopes. No metal stakes will be accepted

Irrigation needed during July, August and/or September

Irrigation needed for 2 to 3 weeks after applying seed.

UPLAND TURF GRASS SEEDING NOTES AND SCHEDULE

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

PROJ. #	930	169.0	2024D			
DATE:	8/	27/2	024			
SHEET	13	OF	13			
DRAWING NO.						
DET-4						