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TB 43-PS-785, The Preventive Maintenance Monthly, is an official publication of the Department of the Army, providing information for al Soldiers assigned to combat and combat support units and all Soldiers with unit maintenance and supply duties. All information published has been reviewed and approved by the agency responsible for the equipment, publication or policy discussed. Application of the information is optional with the user. Masculine pronouns may refer to both genders. The use of product or company names does not constitute endorsement of those products, services or companies by the U.S. Army. The use of non-DoD hyperlinks, along with their content, does not constitute endorsement by DoD or DA. Neither DoD nor DA exercises any editorial control over, and cannot vouch for, content on non-DoD websites.

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You are invited to send PS your ideas for improving maintenance procedures, questions on maintenance and supply problems and questions or comments on material published in PS.

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By order of the Secretary of the Army:

MARK A. MILLEY

General, United States Army Chief of Staff

Official

GFRALD B. O'KFFFF

Administrative Assistant to the Secretary of the Army

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By order of the Secretary of the Army:

SMALL ARMS

M151 Scope Turn-in

M2A1 Machine Gun Bolt and Barrel Extension

MK 19 Machine Gun Sear Assembly Update

MK 19 Machine Gun Rear Sight PMCS

Small Arms Advice from Ft Hood LRC

Strider Mine Detector Use, PM

Patriot PM Tips

Desiccant Use, NSNs

CTC Prep. Checklist

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MARK A. MILLEY

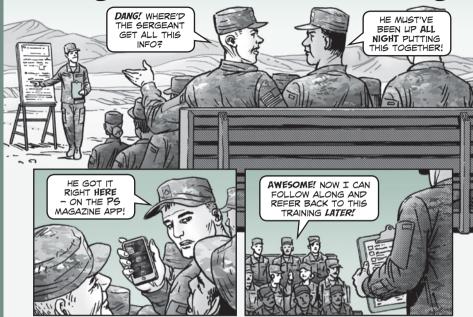
General, United States Army Chief of Staff

GFRALD B. O'KFFFF

Administrative Assistant to the Secretary of the Army

1802556

Sergeant's Time Training



Once upon a time, a young private could expect regular interaction with the unit NCO for something called "Sergeant's Time Training." It was a couple of hours reserved weekly for practical instruction that helped Soldiers hone their skills.

But the OPTEMPO of fighting a war for the past 15 years didn't allow most units to observe rituals like Sergeant's Time Training. Many Soldiers advanced through the ranks without frequent instruction and interaction with their NCOs.

Now, technology helps fill that gap as *PS Magazine* introduces a new feature offering a range of maintenance and supply topics that support training for Soldiers. Look for the "Sergeant's Time Training" link on the *PS Magazine* website and mobile app.

Using the app, NCOs can access multiple maintenance and supply subjects suitable for Sergeant's Time Training without spending hours on research and preparation. Soldiers can follow along during training or review the lesson later.

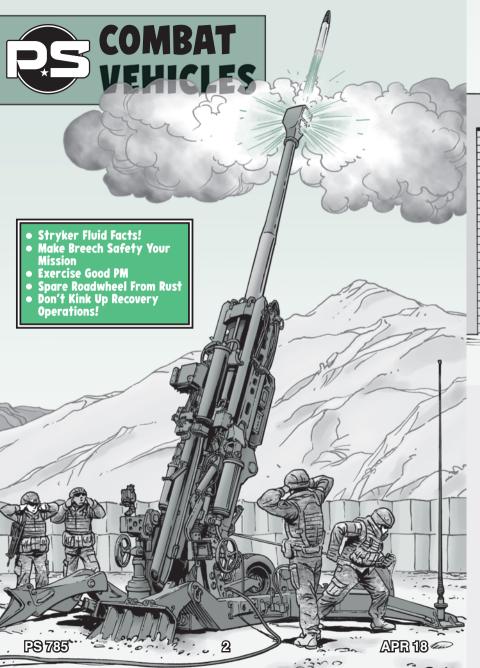
If you want to share a topic for Sergeant's Time Training or if you have a specific topic you'd like to see covered, send us an email at:

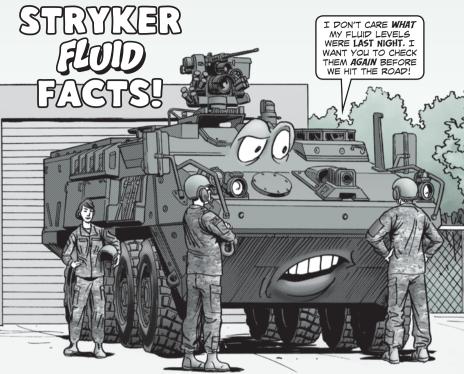
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PS 785 **APR 18**





Dear Editor.

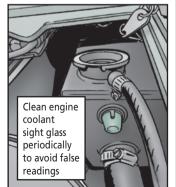
Fluids are vital to the health of your Stryker. Here are a few tips on fluids we give our students at the US Army CBRN School:

Don't rely on the engine coolant sight glass unless you regularly clean it. If the sight glass is dirty, it can look like the coolant level is OK when it's not. When the engine is cool, take off the radiator cap and clean the sight glass with a damp rag.

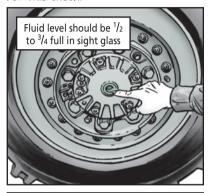
Remember, the radiator should be full,

Remember, the radiator should be full, but the surge tank should be only half full. The coolant needs someplace to go when the radiator gets hot.

Check all fluid levels before a mission. The TMs stress checking fluid levels at the end of a mission, but it's important to make sure fluid levels are still OK before you hit the road again. It takes only minutes. Remember that your Stryker needs to be parked on flat ground for an accurate check.



Keep an eye on the hub sight glasses on all the wheels. The hubs sometimes leak. Too little hydraulic fluid and you end up with hub damage. The fluid level should be $^{1}/^{2}$ to $^{3}/^{4}$ full. If you need to add fluid, do so slowly. Wait at least two minutes for the fluid to settle before you check it. Otherwise, you may add too much, which busts the seals. Once again, the Stryker needs to be on flat ground for this check.





SFC Gabriel Gastelo SFC Jose Albino SFC Dwayne Bautista Stanley Kuskco Ft Leonard Wood, MO

Editor's note: We think you've struck on some great Stryker tips. Thanks.



M777A2 Towed Howitzer...

MAKE BREECH SAFETY YOUR MISSION



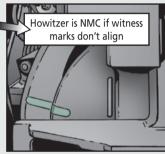
CREWMEN, IT'S
VERY IMPORTANT
THAT YOU CLOSELY
INSPECT YOUR
M777A2'S BREECH
RING AND BREECH
BLOCK WITNESS
MARKS BEFORE
FIRING.

IF THE BREECH
ISN'T FULLY
CLOSED, THERE
COULD BE A
CATASTROPHIC
FAILURE.

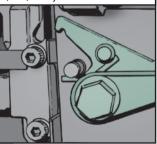


TWO CREWMEN WERE KILLED AND FIVE OTHERS INJURED IN A RECENT INCIDENT WHEN THE CREW FIRED ITS HOWITZER WITHOUT MAKING SURE THE BREECH WAS FULLY CLOSED. KEEP THAT FROM HAPPENING TO YOU BY DOING THE FOLLOWING BEFORE YOUR NEXT FIRE MISSION...

- Move the primer feed mechanism (PFM) lever to the extract (forward) position. Then move the breech lever to the open (rear) position.
- Operate the trunnion pump handle until the witness marks are **not** aligned. Attempt to move the PFM lever to the primed (rearward) position. The PFM lever should not prime the howitzer at this time.
- If the PFM latch fails to engage the PFM tray, allowing the cannon to be primed before the witness marks are aligned, tell your mechanic immediately. Your cannon is NMC.
- Inspect the tray latch hook and PFM tray latch slot for damage. Make sure the tray latch isn't bent in the outward position. You shouldn't be able to turn the tray latch bolt by hand. Inspect the tray latch torsion to ensure it's installed properly. See WP 0047 in the -10 TM for more information.



Perform a primer feed mechanism (PFM) safety lever function check



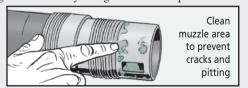
QUESTICUSE CHECK OUT TACOM SAFETY OF USE MESSAGE 17-012: https://tulsa.tacom.army.mil/Safety/message.cfm?id=SOU17-012-html

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• Give it regular exercise and lubing. Just like Soldiers, your M119A3 needs plenty of regular exercise to stay in top shape. At least once a month, put your gun through a full range of motion. Move the tube up and down and traverse it left and right. Don't forget to give it a thorough lubing like it says in TM 9-1015-260-10 (Nov 17). The couple of hours you spend doing this will save you big dollars and repairs later.

• Pay special attention to the muzzle end of the cannon tube during cleaning. Cracks caused by pitting are showing up around the muzzle end because units aren't thoroughly cleaning there.

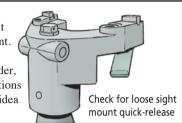


Propellant residue and broken-down grease form an acidic solution that eats away the metal if not cleaned off. Take off the muzzle brake and clean with rags and CLP. A scouring pad may be necessary for tough spots. Get one with NSN 7920-00-753-5242.

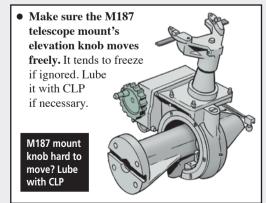
• **Keep cannon tube sliding along.** If you forget to do PMCS on the cannon tube recoil rails, expect recoil problems when you're finally ready to fire. Semiannually, pull the cannon tube completely out of the cradle and clean and lube the rails like it says in WP 0019 of TM 9-1015-260-24 (Dec 14, w/Ch 1, Jan 15) for hot, damp and salty areas. For operation under unusual conditions, refer to WP 0073 of TM 9-1015-260-10.

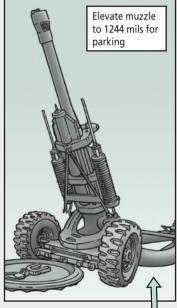
During annual services, pull the cannon tube out of the cradle and clean and lube the rails just like it says in WP 0019 of TM 9-1015-260-24. Once they're clean, measure the left and right rail thickness like it says in WP 0022 of TM 9-1015-260-24 and replace the rails as necessary. The payoff for a few hours work is saving big repair dollars later.

• Check for a loose sight mount quick-release. If the quick-release is loose, the mount won't sit properly and vibration can wallow out the mount. A mechanic should check the quick-release's spring washer for a .040-in gap. If the gap's wider, replace the spring washer following the instructions in TM 9-1240-404-24&P (Dec 10). It's a good idea to replace the spring washer annually.



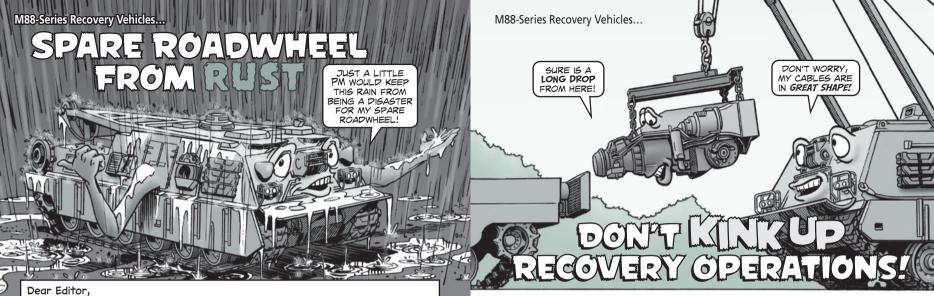
 Don't forget the recoil system. If your howitzer hasn't been fired or exercised in the last 90 days, a good workout is in order. Exercise the recoil like it says in WP 0207 of TM 9-1015-260-24. This will help keep the buffer and recuperator mission capable and its internal seals lubricated and moving.





• Elevate the muzzle to 1244 mils before parking the M119A3. This will reduce the compression on the equilibrator springs. If the muzzle is left at a lower elevation, too much pressure is put on the equilibrator springs and they wear out sooner.

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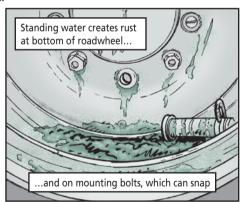
The spare roadwheel hanging on the side of the M88-series recovery vehicle isn't a decoration. It's actually there for a purpose.

But sometimes the spare roadwheel is overlooked by mechanics until it's needed. By then, it's rusted junk.

Rain and wash water pool in the bottom of the roadwheel. The bottom of the roadwheel develops severe rust. The lug nuts can even rust in place on the mounting bolts. Those rusted bolts snap when you try to remove the nuts.

Just a little effort prevents that.

Use antiseize compound on the lug nuts and bolts when mounting the spare roadwheel. That'll keep rust at bay and makes the nuts easier to remove later. Get a 4-oz tube of antiseize compound with NSN 8030-00-059-2761.



After running your vehicle through the wash rack, and after any rainfall, soak up the pool of water in the bottom of the roadwheel with a few rags. That'll keep the spare roadwheel rust free and in good working order.

CW2 Tony Bratina Ft Bliss, TX

Editor's note: These tips will spare your spare roadwheel from a rusty fate! CREWMEN, KINKED UP WINCH CABLES ON YOUR M88-SERIES RECOVERY VEHICLE CAN THROW A REAL KNOT INTO YOUR RECOVERY OPERATIONS, BUT CAREFULLY FOLLOWING PMCS WILL MAKE SURE YOU'RE ALWAYS READY TO HELP OUT A DISABLED VEHICLE.

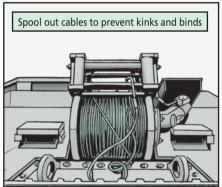
YOU CAN PREVENT KINKS BY SPOOLING OUT THE CABLES ON THE MAIN AND HOIST WINCHES SLOWLY. GO TOO FAST AND THE CABLES COULD UNSPOOL COMPLETELY.

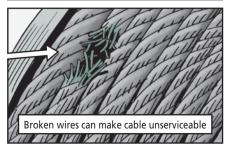
THEN MAKE SURE THE HYDRAULIC CONTROLS FOR THE BOOM, MAIN WINCH, HOIST WINCH AND SPADE ARE ALL WORKING LIKE THEY'RE SUPPOSED TO.

IF THE WINCHES WERE USED, BE SURE TO CHECK THE CABLES FOR DAMAGE.

CABLES ARE UNSERVICEABLE IF THERE ARE THREE BROKEN WIRES PER STRAND OR SIX BROKEN WIRES PER LAY.

CHECK OUT THE PMCS PROCEDURES IN TM 9-2350-256-10 (OCT 14) FOR THE A1 AND TM 9-2350-292-10 FOR THE A2 (SEP 14). THEY'LL TELL YOU EVERYTHING YOU NEED TO KNOW TO KEEP THE KINKS OUT OF YOUR RECOVERY OPERATIONS.





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PLS CHU, E-CHU...

On the Hunt For Flat Rack MELs

LOOKING FOR MAINTENANCE EXPENDITURE LIMITS (MEL)
ON FLAT RACKS AND THE CONTAINER HANDLING UNIT/
ENHANCED CONTAINER HANDLING UNIT (CHU/E-CHU)?

YOU'VE COME
TO THE RIGHT
PLACE!

THE FLAT RACKS AND E-CHU
TECHNICALLY FALL UNDER FEDERAL
SUPPLY CLASS (FSC) GROUP 39,
WHICH IS COVERED IN TB 43-0002-24.

BUT FOR YEARS, THE FLAT RACKS AND CHU/E-CHU WERE MANAGED UNDER TACTICAL WHEELED VEHICLES (FSC GROUP 23) AND COVERED BY TB 43-0002-81. IN THE LAST CHANGE TO TB 43-0002-81 (SEP 16), THE FLATRACK AND CHU/E-CHU MEL TABLE WAS REMOVED.

UNFORTUNATELY, IT HASN'T YET BEEN ADDED TO TB 43-0002-24 (FEB 09, W/CH 1, NOV 10).

SO USE
THE TABLE
BELOW TO
GET THE RIGHT
MEL FOR YOUR
EQUIPMENT...

Item	Name	NSN	MEL %
M1	Flat Rack with walls	3990-01-406-1340	100
M3	Container Roll-in/Out Platform (CROP)/Summa	3990-01-442-2751	100
M3A1	CROP/Hyundai	3990-01-450-5671	100
M1077/ M1077A2	Flat Rack without walls	3990-01-307-7676	100
CHU	Container Handling Unit	2320-01-445-8266	0
E-CHU	Enhanced Container Handling Unit	3950-20-003-8784	100

QUESTIONS?

CONTACT THE HEAVY EQUIPMENT TRANSPORT (HET) TEAM AT: usarmy.detroit.tacom.mbx.ilsc-het@mail.mil

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Corrosion...

RUST BUSTERS TIP OF HE MONTH



CORROSION IN ANY FORM IS BAD NEWS.

BUT YOU CAN DO SOMETHING TO SLOW DOWN THE DAMAGE ONCE IT STARTS.

REGULAR VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT INSPECTIONS REVEAL CORROSION BEFORE IT GETS BAD.

YOU SHOULD PERFORM CORROSION INSPECTIONS MORE OFTEN, DEPENDING ON THE OPTEMPO, SEVERITY OF THE ENVIRONMENT AND THE IMPORTANCE OF THE VEHICLE OR EQUIPMENT.

IF YOU FIND CORROSION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, YOU CAN PREVENT MAJOR DAMAGE AND COSTLY REPAIRS BY FIXING THE PROBLEM NOW

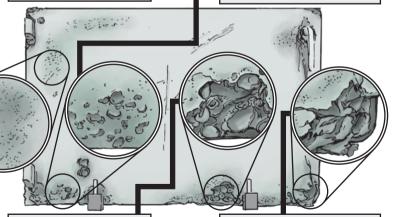
HOW TO TELL WHAT STAGE IT'S IN ..

Stages of Corrosion

PAINTED AREA IS RAISED OR BUBBLED BY CORROSION STAGE UNDERNEATH, SURFACE IS LIGHTLY CORRODED, BUT NO SCALE IS PRESENT. BASE METAL IS SOUND.

STAGE

SIMILAR TO STAGE 1, BUT WITH MORE ADHERENT CORROSION PRODUCTS AND SOME SCALING BASE METAL MAY SHOW ETCHING OR LIGHT PITTING, BUT REMAINS SOUND



METAL HAS UNIFORMLY CORRODED OR PITTED UNTIL THE AREA IS UNSOUND OR COMPLETELY GONE, HEAVY CORROSION PRODUCTS OR RUST SCALING IS PRESENT.

STAGE

CORROSION HAS THINNED OR PITTED THE ENTIRE PART. METAL HAS HOLES THROUGHOUT OR MOST OF ITS SUPPORTING EDGES HAVE CORRODED COMPLETELY AWAY.

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What to Do About Corrosion

IN GENERAL, HIGHER-LEVEL MAINTENANCE IS LIKELY REQUIRED FOR ADVANCED STAGES OF CORROSION, FOR LOWER LEVELS OF CORROSION, CLEANING AND SPOT PAINTING MAY BE THE RIGHT STEP TO PREVENT FURTHER DAMAGE.

HOWEVER, LEVELS OF REPAIR SHOULD ALWAYS BE DETERMINED BY YOUR EQUIPMENT'S TECHNICAL MANUALS (TM) MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART (MAC).

STAGES OR CATEGORIES OF CORROSION SHOULD NOT BE USED TO GUIDE THE LEVEL OF REPAIR, PER TACOM LCMC MI 18-012. FOLLOW THE GUIDELINES AND CHECKLISTS IN TB 43-0213, CORROSION PREVENTION AND CONTROL (CPAC) FOR ARMY WHEELED VEHICLES (24 SEP 12). FIND IT ON LOGSA'S ETM WEBSITE:

https://liw.logsa.army.mil/etmapp/#/etm/home

HMMWV... BE A LINKAGE LUBER!



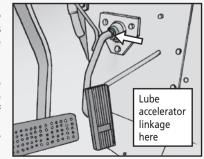


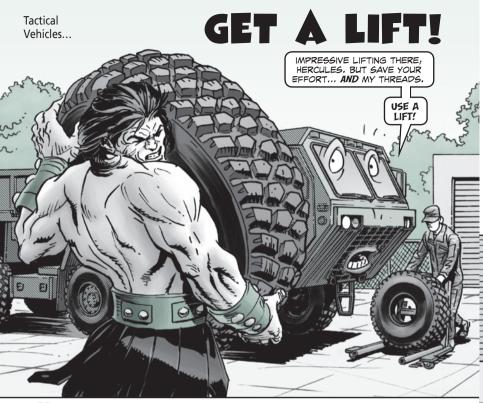


Approaching a sharp curve isn't the best time to find your HMMWV's accelerator pedal linkage is sticking. If the linkage won't move after you've taken your foot off the pedal, slowing down can become a lot more complicated!

But that's exactly what can happen if the linkage doesn't get lubed regularly. So make sure you give the linkage a few squirts of OE/HDO as required.

Then, move the linkage back and forth by hand a few times to work in the oil.





Unless you're Hercules, putting a new wheel and hub assembly onto a big vehicle isn't a simple task. A HEMTT tire and wheel assembly, for example, weighs more than 540 pounds.

That's why you need a truck wheel lift to make the job easier. Trouble is, the current heavy lifter, NSN 4910-00-554-5983, is a terminal item. Instead, order a new truck wheel lift with NSN 4910-01-009-2449.

Protect Vehicle

Mechanics who try to muscle a wheel assembly into place do more damage than they'll admit. Few mechanics have the physical strength to carefully guide a wheel assembly onto an axle without banging metal against metal.

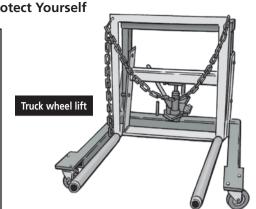
Every uncontrolled whack can damage something. Usually, it's the axle threads, seals and bearings that take the worst hits. All that damage adds up to problems later, like leaky seals and faulty bearings.

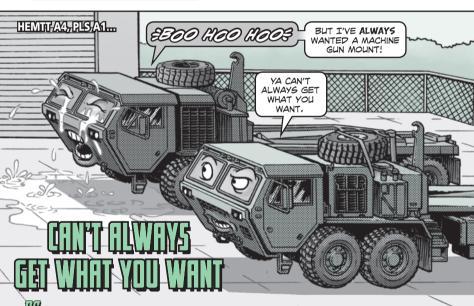


Protect Yourself

If protecting the vehicle isn't reason enough to get a truck wheel lift, then surely you want to protect yourself. Sprains and strains are one of the leading injuries to mechanics.

Using a truck wheel lift makes the job easier, plus it reduces collateral damage to the axle and lessens your risk of personal injury. Even Hercules should use a lift!





Magazine receives lots of letters asking for the correct NSN to order machine gun ring mounts for HEMTT A4 and PLS A1 trucks.

Bad news: neither of these vehicles is authorized a weapon mount.

Good news: no more wasted time searching for a nonexistent NSN!

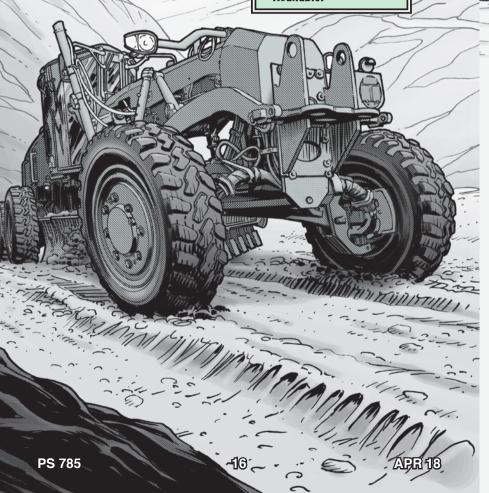
Base model and A2 HEMTT variants, along with the base model PLS can be outfitted with machine gun mounts. Check out PS 773 (Apr 17), Pages 27-35, for more info:

https://www.logsa.army.mil/psmag/archives/PS2017/773/773-27-35.pdf

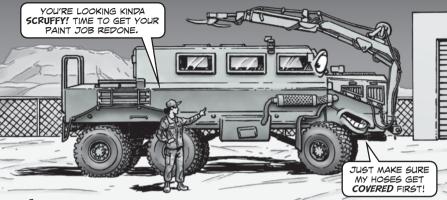
PS 785 **APR 18**

CONSTRUCTION

- Keep Paint Off Hoses!Ladder Matters to
- Ladder Matters to Prevent Splatters!
- Swing Lock Pin in Place?
- Prime the Turbo
- Wider Carriage Now Available!



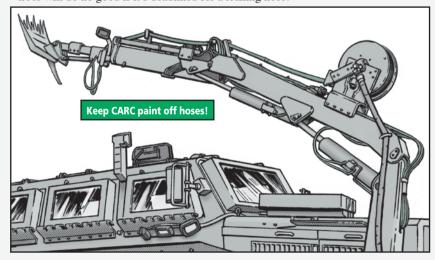
RCV Buffalo A2... KEEP PAINT OFF HOSES!



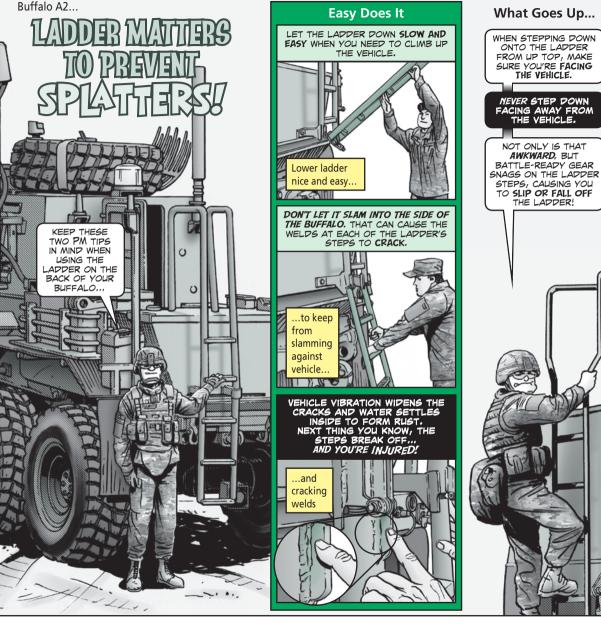
It's no secret that your Buffalo's hydraulic and pneumatic hoses can become brittle over time from exposure to the elements.

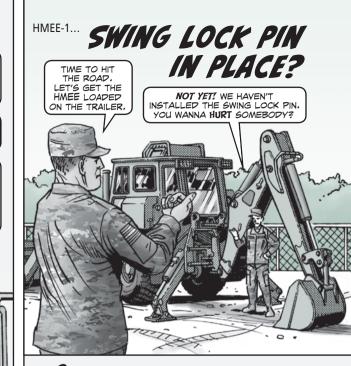
But that problem is made worse when those hoses get covered with chemical agent resistant coating (CARC) paint. CARC doesn't extend the hoses' durability. In fact, it can cause more damage by covering pin-hole leaks and hiding cracks and abrasions. These are all symptoms of a hose that needs to be replaced, pronto!

So, tell your buddies at the paint booth to make sure **all** exposed hoses are covered and taped before they go to work. A Buffalo that looks like it came off the showroom floor will do no good if it's deadlined for a leaking hose.



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Operators, make sure the HMEE-1's swing lock pin is installed in the backhoe frame's aligned holes before traveling on the road.

That pin keeps the backhoe from swinging sideways during travel, which can injure personnel or damage equipment. You should also keep the pin firmly in place whenever the excavator is parked with the backhoe in the stowed position. That puts less wear and tear on the vehicle's hydraulics.

You'll find this reminder as a WARNING statement in WP 0004-79 of TM 5-2420-232-10 (Mar 09, w/Ch 1, Sep 12).

Make sure swing lock pin is installed before travel

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perators, when your backhoe loader (BHL) sits for several weeks at a time, make sure you prime the turbocharger during start up. Do the same every time the engine's oil filter gets replaced. You'll find this CAUTION statement throughout TM 5-2420-231-10 (Feb 09).

That's because the impeller inside the engine's turbocharger needs lubrication when it first starts and warms up. Without that oil, the impeller's bearings can burn out. Then you're stuck while the BHL goes to support or an LRC shop for a ruined turbocharger. We're talking some serious money and unnecessary downtime!

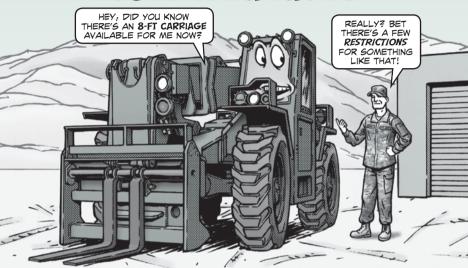
For the deal on how to prime the turbocharger, follow this procedure from WP 0010-3 of the -10 TM:

- 1. Engage the parking brake.
- **2.** Shift the direction control lever to the neutral position.
- **3.** Push and hold the right side of the fuel pump solenoid switch to disengage the fuel pump and keep the engine from starting.
- 4. From the operator's seat, turn the starter key switch to the START position and actuate the starter motor for 10 seconds. Then turn the starter key switch to the OFF position.
- **5.** Release the fuel pump solenoid switch to engage the injection pump solenoid.
- **6.** Start the engine.



ATLAS II Forklift...

Wider Carriage Now Available!

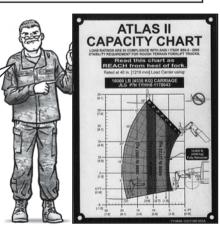


A NEW, WIDER 8-FT CARRIAGE IS NOW AVAILABLE FOR THE ATLAS II FORKLIFT. ORDER IT WITH NSN 3940-01-650-1739, THEN KEEP THESE RESTRICTIONS IN MIND BEFORE STARTING OPERATIONS...

- The wider carriage should only be used when working on level ground.
- Don't drive faster than 5 mph while carrying a load.
- Check the ISO container's label for tare weight to ensure you meet weight restrictions.

FOLLOW THE APPROVED LOAD CHART FOR THE 8-FT CARRIAGE.

MAKE A
NOTE UNTIL
THE NEW
LOAD CHART
IS ADDED TO
TM 10-3930677-10,



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AH-64 Series... WING PYLONS CRITICALLY SHORT

CHECK IT OUT!
WE'VE GOT EIGHT
WING PYLONS FOR
SPARE PARTS!

HEY, NOW, UNITS ARE NOT ALLOWED PYLONS AS PLL OR BENCH STOCK. ANY EXTRAS, Y'NEED TO TURN IN.

YEAH! HOARDING PYLONS OR USING US FOR SPARE PARTS IS NOT AUTHORIZED.



WECHANICS, DO YOU HAVE APACHE WING PYLONS COLLECTING DUST IN MILVANS OR LYING AROUND ON A SHELF? ARE YOU USING EXTRA WING PYLONS FOR SPARE PARTS? **DON'T**.

BECAUSE OF MULTIPLE AIRCRAFT TRANSFERS IN AND OUT OF THEATER, SOME WING PYLONS HAVE BEEN MISPLACED.

THAT'S WHY ANY TIME A WING PYLON IS REMOVED FROM AN AIRCRAFT, DA PAM 738-751 SAYS IT MUST BE ADDED TO DA FORM 2408-17, AIRCRAFT INVENTORY RECORD, TO ACCOUNT FOR THE REMOVAL OF THE PYLONG AND THE INSTALLATION OF THE PYLON COVER PLATES.

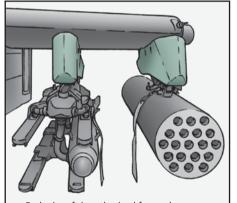
UNITS AREN'T AUTHORIZED SPARE PYLONS AS PART OF THEIR PLL OR BENCH STOCK. SO...

...IF YOU HAVE **MORE** THAN FOUR WING PYLONS PER AIRCRAFT, LET THE APACHE HEADSHED KNOW.

CONTACT **JOHN BLANSHAN**, AT (256) 955-3280, OR EMAIL: johnothan.d.blanshan.civ@mail.mil

OR JESSE CHALEUNPHONE AT (256) 3(3-1643, OR EMAIL: jesse.chaleunphone.civ@mail.mil

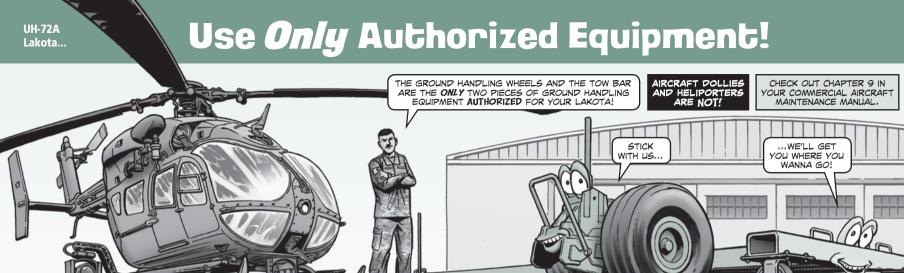
> CHECK YOUR AREA FOR THESE PARTS:



Each aircraft is authorized four pylons, so... turn in any extras!

NSN 1560-01-495-5118 (PN 7-518000001-7)
NSN 1560-01-519-6800 (PN 7-518000001-11)
NSN 1560-01-553-3537 (PN 7-518000001-11)
NSN 1560-01-615-1321 (PN 7-518000001-21)
NSN 1560-01-468-8257 (PN 7-518000001-3)
NSN 1560-01-479-9119 (PN 7-518000001-3)
NSN 1560-01-662-7831 (PN 7-518000001-33)
NSN 1560-01-519-6802 (PN 7-518000013-13)
No NSN (PN 7-518000013-29)
No NSN (PN 7-518000013-31)

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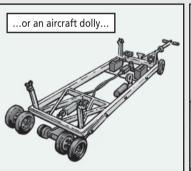
PERATORS, SINCE THE UH-72A WAS FIELDED, THERE HAVE BEEN A NUMBER OF INCIDENTS INVOLVING GROUND HANDLING OF THE LAKOTA WITH UNAUTHORIZED EQUIPMENT. THAT RESULTED IN AIRCRAFT DAMAGE AND HEFTY REPAIR COSTS.

WHEN MOVING OR TOWING YOUR LAKOTA, FOLLOW AND USE THE APPROVED GROUND HANDLING EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES IN CHAPTER 9 OF THE COMMERCIAL AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE MANUAL (AMM) FROM AIRBUS HELICOPTER, INC.

THE AMM IDENTIFIES THE GROUND HANDLING WHEELS AND THE AIRCRAFT TOW BAR AS THE ONLY TWO PIECES OF EQUIPMENT AUTHORIZED FOR MOVING OR TOWING.

DO NOT USE UNAUTHORIZED GROUND HANDLING **EQUIPMENT SUCH AS** AIRCRAFT DOLLIES AND HELIPORTERS. IF YOU DO, YOUR UNIT ASSUMES ALL THE RISK, INCLUDING FINANCIAL LIABILITY, FOR DAMAGE TO THE LAKOTA.







MOST PAMAGE IS DUE TO:

- operator error.
- equipment malfunction. inadequate trainina.
- failure to follow
- equipment procedures.

THIS LEADS TO MAJOR COSTS THAT INCLUDE:

- labor and materials. • personnel injuries.
- investigations.
- damage and repair assessment.
- contracting actions.
- aircraft downtime.

AND IT'S ALL PREVENTABLE

IF YOU WOULD ONLY USE THE APPROVED GROUND HANDLING EQUIPMENT LISTED IN THE AMM.

EACH LAKOTA IS FIELDED WITH ONE SET OF TWO GROUND-HANDLING WHEELS.

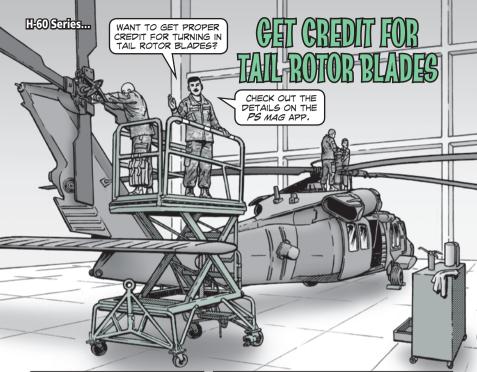
THE TOW BARS ARE SUPPLIED BY THE MANUFACTURER WITH ONE TOW BAR FOR EVERY FOUR AIRCRAFT.

SO USE WHAT'S AUTHORIZED AND KEEP YOUR LAKOTA...

...READY FOR MISSIONS!



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MECHANICS, WHEN SAFETY OF FLIGHT (SOF) MESSAGES H-60-17-SOF-04 AND H-60-17-SOF-05 WERE ISSUED, THE NUMBER OF UNSERVICEABLE TAIL ROTOR BLADE RETURNS PLUMMETED.

AS A RESULT, THE AMCOM HEADSHED HAS BEEN DIRECTED TO HOLD ONTO ALL TAIL ROTOR BLADE REQUIREMENTS UNLESS THERE'S A VERIFIED AIRCRAFT ON GROUND (AOG).

THE HOLD WILL CONTINUE UNTIL THE IMPACT OF THE SOF MESSAGES IS CLEARER.

THE LACK OF UNSERVICEABLE RETURNS WILL IMPACT THE SUPPLY CHAIN AND MAY CAUSE GAPS IN THE OVERHAUL PRODUCTION AT CORPUS CHRISTI ARMY DEPOT (CCAD). THIS CAN CAUSE SHORTAGES OF TAIL ROTOR BLAPES IN THE

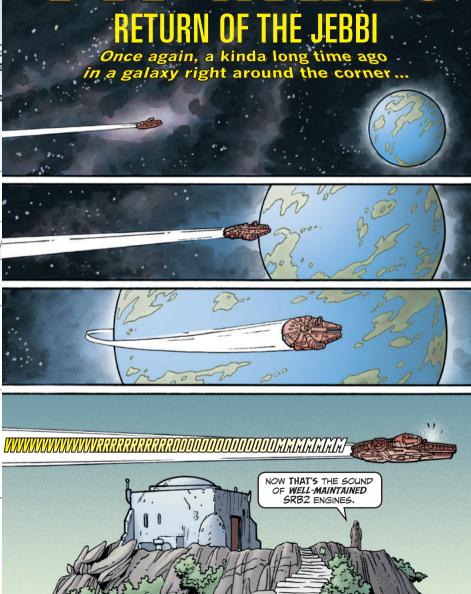
SUPPLY SYSTEM.

FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS TO ENSURE THE CREDIT WINDOW FOR TAIL ROTOR BLADES IS EXTENDED WHILE INCREASING THE FLOW OF UNSERVICEABLE RETURNS...

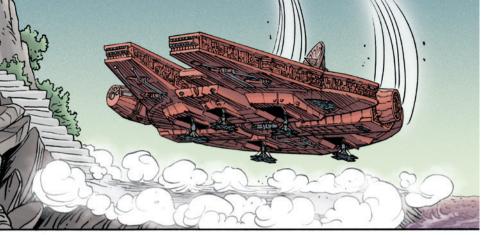
- Complete the turn-in of the unserviceable blade. The unit or supply support activity (SSA) must remove the Return Advice Code of 1W. There is no time constraint with this turn-in.
- Place the requisition at the same time as the turn-in if the requisition hasn't already been submitted. There are no time limits for the requisition, either.
- 3. Once you've received the new tail rotor blade and the associated turn-in (ZRL) is complete, manually delete the ZRL in GCSS-Army. That stops the clock associated with the new issue.

QUESTIONS? CONTACT SETH COLE AT (256) 313-1146 OR EMAIL: seth.a.cole6.civ@mail.mil

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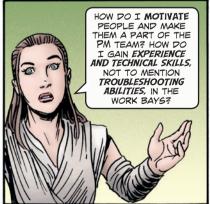












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THAT YOU ASK SUCH QUESTIONS SHOWS YOU ARE READY TO ADVANCE IN THE WAYS OF THE JEBBI. WATCH THIS ...





A TRUE JEBBI IS ABLE TO ASSEMBLE AND DISASSEMBLE THE WORKING PARTS OF A SPACE FIGHTER. THAT KNOWLEDGE OF HOW DIFFERENT PARTS INTERACT DEVELOPS YOUR MECHANICAL ABILITIES.

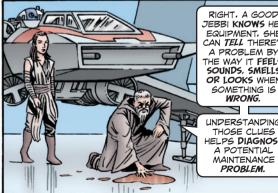
A JEBBI IN TRAINING NEEDS TO PAY CLOSE ATTENTION TO EVERY FAULT IN ORDER TO DIAGNOSE WHAT IS WRONG,

IN OTHER WORDS, UNDERSTANDING THE SYMPTOMS HELPS IDENTIFY THE ACTUAL PROBLEM.



THAT MAKES SENSE, THEN YOU BECOME CONFIDENT IN DIAGNOSING MECHANICAL ISSUES AND PROBLEMS.





RIGHT, A GOOD JEBBI KNOWS HER EQUIPMENT, SHE CAN TELL THERE'S A PROBLEM BY THE WAY IT FEELS, SOUNDS, SMELLS OR LOOKS WHEN SOMETHING IS

UNDERSTANDING HELPS DIAGNOSE















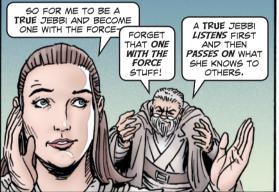
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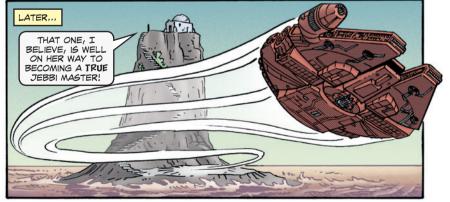


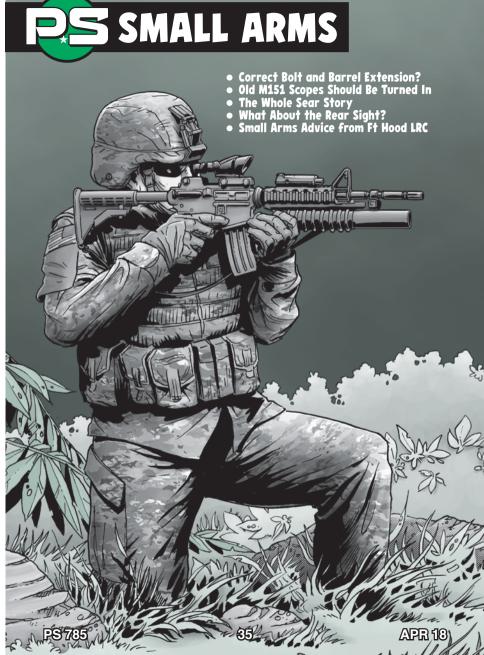


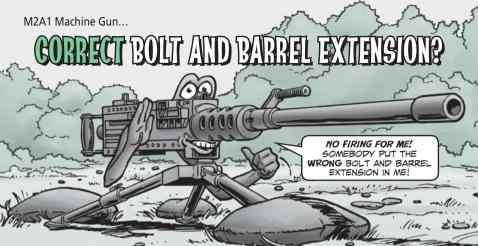










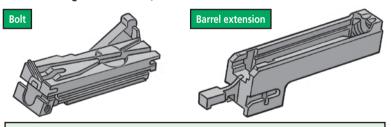


Dear Editor,

In our small arms repair shop, we are seeing a number of M2A1 machine guns with bolts and barrel extensions belonging to another M2A1.

Unlike the old M2, the M2A1's bolt and barrel extension are headspaced to that specific weapon. If you fire an M2A1 with another M2A1's bolt and barrel extension, you risk injury to the crew and damage to the weapon.

It's easy to check. The bolt and barrel extension should be serialized with the last four digits of the weapon's serial number.

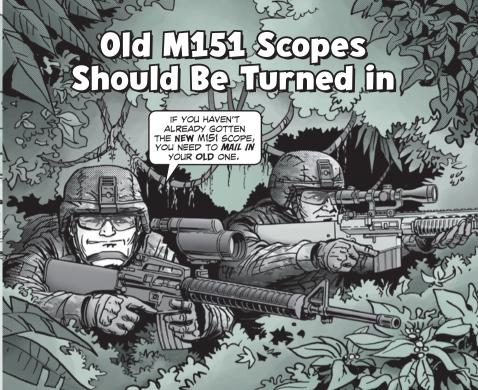


Make sure bolt and barrel extension have same last four digits of M2A1's serial number

Armorers should check all their M2A1s for the wrong bolts and barrel extensions. If you spot any, check to see if the correct bolt and barrel extension is with another M2A1 in the arms room.

No luck? Turn in the M2A1 to maintenance so it can be properly headspaced and the bolt and barrel extension can be renumbered.

Terry Nichols Camp Carroll, Korea Editor's note: This is a critical check, armorers. Make sure your M2A1s don't leave the arms room with the wrong bolt and barrel extension. Thanks for the tip, Terry.



The Army is still in the process of upgrading the M151 spotting scope system (NSNs 6650-01-504-8456, 6650-01-557-7444, and 6650-01-549-5838).

The upgrade, which is being done by MWO 9-6650-238-50-1, adds a grid-based reticle and internal improvements to help the M151 work better with night vision devices.

Many of the outdated M151s have already been swapped out with the upgraded ones at several Army locations. If your M151s still have the MIL-dot reticle, they need to be mailed in using prepaid shipping containers.

To receive the shipping container and detailed mailing instructions, email:

usarmy.detroit.tacom.mbx.ilsc-optics@mail.mil

Your spotting scope should be stripped down before shipment and contain no down parts. Upgraded M151s won't come with these parts, so units will have to replace any parts mailed in.

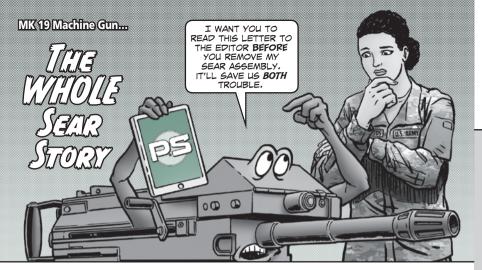
Questions? Contact Kevin Lenart at DSN 786-1354, (586) 282-1354, or email:

kevin.e.lenart.civ@mail.mil

or Christopher Kline, DSN 786-1357, (586) 282-1357, or email:

christopher.m.kline4.civ@mail.mil

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Dear Editor.

An article on the MK 19 machine gun on Page 44 in PS 775 (Jun 17) said, "After you remove the back plate, put the selector on SAFE. That prevents the back plate from coming apart."

In both places where it said back plate, it should have said sear assembly. It would be also a good idea to list all the steps to remove the sear assembly:

- 1. Turn the receiver over on its top. Put the safety in F (FIRE).
- 2. Lift up slightly on the lock pin with your fingers or the female end of a cartridae link.
- 3. Squeeze the sear underneath the safety and simultaneously rotate the sear housing assembly approximately 15 degrees in either direction.
- 4. Press down on the sear housing assembly and continue to rotate the assembly until it stops 90 degrees from the original position. You'll hear a click.
- 5. Press the sear lever and safety together while you put the safety on S (SAFE). This locks the sear lever and prevents accidental loss of the sear lever spring and the shoulder headed pin. Never lift the sear
- assembly until it's placed on S. 6. Lift out the sear housing assembly.

Safety Lock pin Sear spring Sear

William Marsh Ft Carson, CO

THIS PROCEDURE IS AKEN FROM WP 0027-2 IN TM 9-1010-230-10. ALL MK 19 GUNNERS SHOULD PRACTICE THIS PROCEDURE UNTIL THEY KNOW IT WELL. MK 19 Machine Gun...

THE SEAR ASSEMBLY FROM DISASSEMBLING ON ITS OWN.

IT WILL KEEP

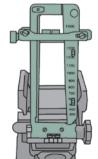


Dear Half-Mast.

I have looked all through the MK 19 machine gun's TM 9-1010-230-10 and -23&P for inspection criteria for the rear sight. We had an elevation knob that was broken for months and no one noticed because it's not listed in the PMCS. Is there something being done about this?

SPC J.B.

Include rear sight in PMCS



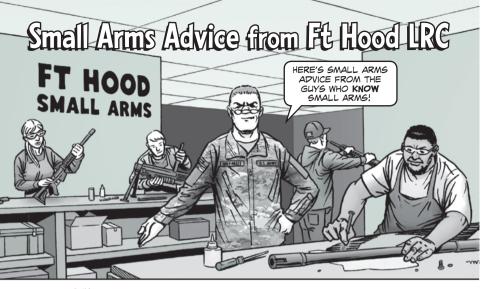
Dear Specialist,

Yes there is. The following is being added to the -23&P's PMCS in WP 0021:

- 1. Ensure all moving parts operate freely without binding. Lubricate as necessary.
- 2. Remove external rust with GMD or LSAT and crocus cloth.
- 3. Replace defective parts according to WP 0059.

Small arms repairmen need to make a note of this because it may be some time before the TM is updated.

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Dear Editor,

From our work keeping guns firing at Ft Hood, we offer this advice:

Find out who your TACOM LARS are and make them your friends. When small arms repairmen can't figure out why a weapon isn't working or why they can't get a repair part, the local TACOM LAR should be one of their first calls. LARS either know the answer or how to find it.



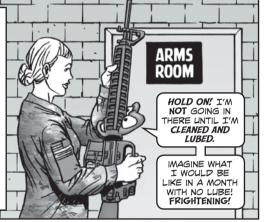
Stay up-to-date on MWOs. The Army constantly modifies weapons through MWOs to increase their effectiveness. But we see many weapons come through our shop that haven't been modified. It's not difficult to find out if your weapons are due MWOs. Check with your local MWO coordinator or your TACOM LAR.



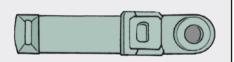
Don't put off gaging. Too many units don't worry about their weapons being gaded until it's time for the range or deployment. Then they want all their weapons gaged immediately. We've even been asked to come to units to do gaging on-site that should have been done weeks or even months ago. Units receive regular reports on which weapons are due gaging. Pay attention to those reports because any weapon, whether belonging to active duty, Guard or Reserve, is considered NMC if it hasn't been gaged within one year.



Clean and lube. This is obvious, but we have weapons brought to our shop that have not been touched after firing. Sauad leaders and platoon sergeants need to make sure no weapon is turned in until it's thoroughly cleaned and lubed. Remember, the longer you wait to clean a weapon, the worse it becomes. Carbon hardens until it becomes like enamel. Sometimes the only way to remove it is with dry cleaning solvent.



Get rid of the old M16 rifle/M4 carbine extractor springs. The old ones are dark colored and should have been turned in years ago. But some are still kicking around. Use only extractors, NSN 5360-01-505-2886, that are gold with a black insert.



Use *only* gold extractor spring

Elton Kloesel Costas Paizanis Eric Kinlaw Brian Bagent Ft Hood, TX

Editor's note: Thanks so much for the benefit of your experience.

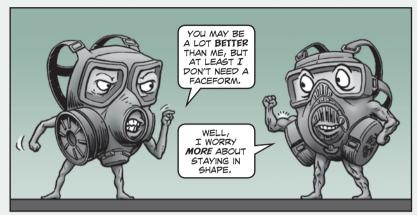
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M40-Series, M50-Series Masks...

When It Comes to Storage, There IS a Difference



There are many differences between the old M40-series masks and the new M50-series masks. But one **big** difference comes to long-term storage.

The M40 can be stored indefinitely with no faceform. At one time the rule was the M40 did need a faceform for storage, but that rule was eliminated years ago.

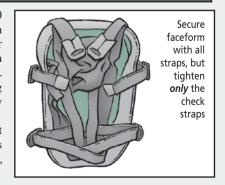
But it's a different story with the M50. If it's being stored for more than 30 days, which is often the case, the faceform needs to be installed. Otherwise, it can lose its shape and possibly its seal.

That's why it's important for units receiving new M50s to make sure they keep the faceforms. Often they're mistaken for packing material and tossed.

Install the faceform inside the M50 facepieces so the beard on the faceform matches the mask's beard. Pull all four straps over the faceform to keep it in place. But tighten only the cheek straps.

When the faceforms aren't being used, store them someplace safe so they don't disappear.

If you need new faceforms, don't order NSN 4240-01-529-8338, which is what's listed in the M50 TM. Instead, order NSN 5240-01-617-0948.



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HELP STRIDER HIT ITS STRIDE!

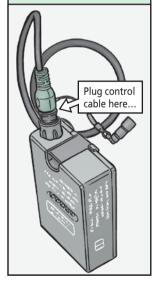


Dear Editor,

Here are a few tips we give our students to help the Strider Detector System hit its mine detecting stride:

Find the best way for you to wear the Strider. There are several ways the system can be worn. Experiment with the pouches and straps until you find the most comfortable fit.

Make sure to plug the control cable into the right connector. It's easy to accidentally try to connect it to the headphone port. That can damage the cable and put you out of business. And make sure to select the control cable length that is most comfortable for you.



Lights

LED lights need to face up in pouch

Position the control unit so its LEDs are facing up inside its pouch and the front of the unit faces the pouch's front. That lets you see the warning lights. If the LEDs flash and the system alarms go off at start-up, something is wrong. Probably it's an improperly connected cable. If the yellow LED comes on, the Strider's detection capability may be reduced. See the manual for work-arounds. If the red LED comes on, the battery

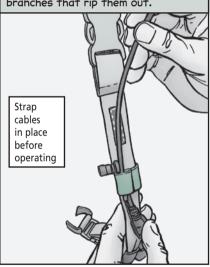
If the red LED comes on, the battery is low.

Push the sensing unit all the way to the bottom of its pouch. The top of the unit should be flush with the top of the pouch. Keep the bottom of the pouch as close to the ground as possible while detecting to get the best



SSG Marvin Hamler Ft Leonard Wood, MO

Secure all cables before you start detecting. Route the cables through their straps so they don't dangle and catch on things like branches that rip them out.



Keep top of sensing unit flush with top of pouch

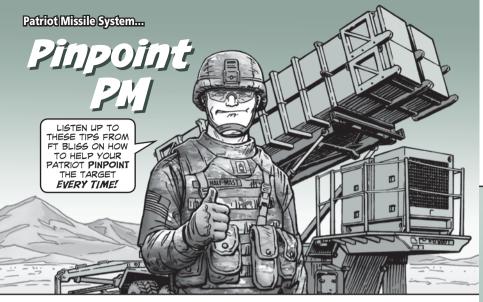
Editor's note:

Excellent tips
for Strider
success. Thanks,
Sergeant!

APR 18

PS 785

45



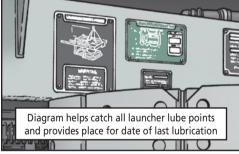
Dear Editor.

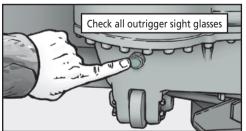
We recommend these tips to keep Patriots firing with pinpoint accuracy:

Make sure to hit all the grease points and keep track of lubrication. The launcher especially has arease points that are often overlooked and then the outriggers or bullring end up with expensive damage. Each outrigger alone has seven grease points, so it's easy to miss a few on the entire launcher.

To make lubing easier, there's a diagram on the launcher showing all the lube points and a space to write in the date of the last lubing. Lube at least monthly. Any time you hear an outrigger squeaking, get out the grease gun.

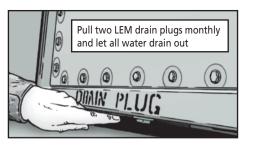
During every PMCS, check every outrigger's sight glass. If the sight glass is clear, it needs fluid. If you let the outrigger go without fluid too long, the actuator will be damaged.



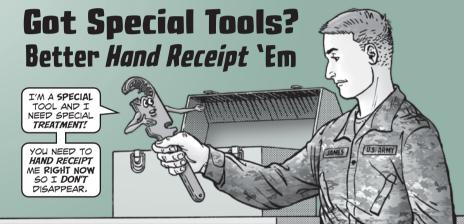


Pull the two drain pluas for the launcher electronics module (LEM) at least monthly and let all the moisture drain out. Especially in humid areas, moisture can accumulate to the point it reaches the LEM electronics. Then you've got real problems.

CW2 Christopher Shackelford CW2 John Black Ft Bliss, TX



Editor's note: You have indeed pinpointed some excellent tips. Thanks.



Dear Editor,

At Ft Carson's Command Inspection and Evaluation Team (COMET), we've noticed in our tool room inspections a common problem: special tools are missing.

These are tools that are specially ordered or must be fabricated. Because they aren't part of a normal tool kit like the GMTK or SATS, they aren't automatically on a hand receipt. No hand receipt means no accountability. Soon it also means no special tool.

Our advice is to put every special tool on a hand receipt as soon as you get it. That way the tool must be signed out and you know who has it if it's not returned.

> Terry Brown Ft Carson, CO



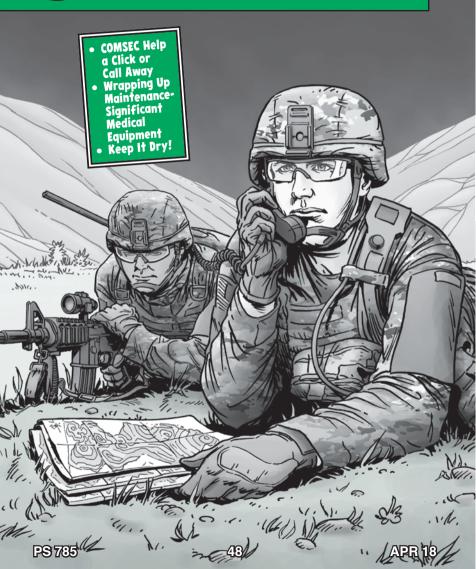
GOOD POINT, TERRY, SPECIAL TOOLS NEED SPECIAL TREATMENT,

ACCORDING TO THE TOOL SPECIALISTS, EVERY SPECIAL TOOL SHOULD BE ACCOUNTED FOR ON A DA FORM 2062 AND SIGNED OUT FOR USE ON A DA FORM 5519.

THAT STOPS TOOLS FROM DISAPPEARING.

PS 785 **APR 18**





COMSEC Help a Click or Call Away







HOW DO I ACCOUNT FOR CLASSIFIED COMMUNICATIONS SECURITY (COMSEC) OR UNCLASSIFIED COMSEC KNOWN AS CONTROLLED CRYPTO-GRAPHIC ITEMS (CCI)?



I'M WONDERING
JUST WHAT'S
INVOLVED IN UNKEYED
COMSEC/CCI
INCIDENT REPORTING.

I WANT TO KNOW HOW TO FILL SHORTAGES AND REPLACE DAMAGED COMSEC EQUIPMENT OR CCI?



I'M LOOKING FOR TIPS ON NAVIGATING THE INFORMATION SYSTEM SECURITY PROGRAM (ISSP).



WHATEVER
THE CASE, THE
COMMUNICATIONS
SECURITY
LOGISTICS
ACTIVITY
(CSLA) CAN

HELP.

AS THE ARMY'S COMMODITY MANAGER FOR COMSEC MATERIAL, CSLA MANAGES THE ARMY'S COMSEC WHOLESALE LOGISTICS SYSTEM, INCLIDING THE COMSEC NATIONAL INVENTORY CONTROL POINT AND COMSEC NATIONAL MAINTENANCE POINT.

IT ALSO HOSTS THE ARMY ISSP, WHICH COLLECTS AND AUTHENTICATES COMSEC EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS, FILLS AUTHORIZATION SHORTAGES, AND REQUESTS DIRECT EXCHANGES OF AUTHORIZED UNSERVICEABLE COMSEC EQUIPMENT.

CSLA OFFERS FORWARD-BASED REGIONAL SUPPORT TO PROPERTY BOOK OFFICERS AND COMSEC EQUIPMENT MANAGERS THROUGH ITS CSLA INFORMATION SECURITY REPRESENTATIVE (CIR) PROGRAM.

TO LOCATE A

CIR, SUBJECT

MATTER EXPERT, FOR

CSLA-MANAGED

EQUIPMENT IN YOUR

REGION...

...GRAB YOUR CAC AND VISIT:
https://www.us.army.mil/suite/files/48618705
OR CONTACT THE C&LA CUSTOMER SUPPORT CENTER
AT D&N 879-1825, (520) 538-1826, OR EMAIL:

usarmy.huachuca.cecom.mbx.ILSC-CSLA-CSC@mail.mil

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WRAPPING UP MAINTENANCE-SIGNIFICANT MEDICAL EQUIPMENT



Dear Half-Mast.

How does our unit account for maintenance-significant medical equipment? How can we tell which Class VIII components are maintenance-significant?

SGT E.G.

SERGEANT, ALL MAINTENANCESIGNIFICANT EQUIPMENT/COMPONENTS
ISSUED IN A MEDICAL EQUIPMENT SET
(MES) MUST BE ACCOUNTED FOR ON
YOUR UNIT'S PROPERTY BOOK USING
PROPERTY BOOK IDENTIFICATION
CODE (PBIC) 0,
TYPE AUTHORIZATION CODE (TAC) 9.

NOTE: MTOE/TDA END ITEMS LISTED SEPARATELY ON THE AUTHORIZATION DOCUMENTS WILL REMAIN ON PBIC 8/4, TAC 1/2. THIS APPLIES TO ALL COMPONENTS.

THIS CODING ENSURES THAT ALL CLASS VIII MEDICAL EQUIPMENT IS SERVICED AND MAINTAINED, SO THAT IF AND WHEN A DEPLOYMENT HAPPENS, THE EQUIPMENT IS READY TO GO.



PROPERTY BOOK OFFICERS
AND UNIT SUPPLY SERGEANTS
SHOULD FOLLOW THESE
STEPS...

...FOR EACH CLASS VIII MES NIIN OR LIN TO IDENTIFY WHAT MEDICAL EQUIPMENT IS MAINTENANCE-SIGNIFICANT AND ENSURE IT IS POSTED CORRECTLY IN THE PROPERTY BOOK.

1. Go to the US Army Medical Materiel Agency (USAMMA) website at: http://www.usamma.amedd.army.mil/



- 2. Choose the tab at the top of the page titled "MEDSILS/Unit Assemblages."
- Under the "Unit Assemblages" panel on the left side of the page, select Search UAs: Army.
- 4. Enter a NIIN or LIN in the search box. Open the listed file(s) in Excel.
- 5. Select the last column in Excel, titled "Army TIC." Choose "Sort & Filter" and filter the results by the letters C, E, and T. Selecting these three codes will give you a list of items that may be maintenance-significant in the MES.
 - C= Critical medical equipment requiring technical inspection
 - E= Equipment, medical
 - T = Test Measurement Diagnostic Equipment
- Under the "MEDSILS" panel on the left side of the page, select <u>Search MEDSILS</u> <u>Material Catalog</u>.
- 7. Enter an equipment NIIN or LIN in the search box, then select the NIIN.
- 8. Under "Army Data" look for the "MCS" code; this is also the Materiel Category Code (MATCAT). If the third position has a "1" then the item is maintenance-significant.

Note: The maintenancesignificant items are also listed in the MMDF.



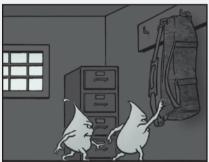
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Desiccants...

KEEP IT DRY!













A DESICCANT IS A DRYING AGENT. AND LIKE ANY GOOD AGENT, IT WORKS HARD ON YOUR BEHALF, A FEW WELL-PLACED DESICCANT BAGS CAN SUCK UP LURKING MOISTURE AND PREVENT CORROSION. PLACE A FEW BAGS AROUND YOUR GEAR OR SUPPLIES TO KEEP 'EM DRY AND HELP STOP RUST, MOLD AND MILDEW.

USE DESICCANTS:

- to protect electronic gear.
- to prevent metal spare parts from corroding.
- in cargo shipments.
- in camera and laptop computer bags.
- in Footlockers and inside boots that you're not wearing.

DESICCANTS ARE COVERED UNDER MIL-D-3464E
AND INCLUDE TYPE I, GENERAL PURPOSE DESICCANTS
THAT MEET REQUIREMENTS FOR ABSORPTION,
REACTIVATION, PUSTING AND DURABILITY, AND
TYPE II, NON-DUSTING.

TYPE II DESICCANTS LEAVE LITTLE OR NO DUST RESIDUE, USE THEM FOR PACKAGING SENSITIVE ITEMS THAT SHOULDN'T BE EXPOSED TO DUST.

TYPE III DESICCANTS MEET ALL THE REQUIREMENTS OF TYPE I, PLUS ADD WATER RESISTANCE.

YOU'LL FIND LOTS OF NSNS AND A WHOLE PILE OF TECHNICAL DATA ON DESICCANTS IN FED LOG. WHITTLE POWN YOUR RESEARCH TIME WITH THIS LIST OF COMMONLY USED DESICCANTS:

NSN 6850-	Unit of issue	Number of bags or other qty	Bag size (in inches)	↓ Type
00-965-2280	Bag	4	5.5 x 4.75 x .75	I
00-999-1094	Can	5	3.75 x 2.25 x .25	I
00-856-7955	Can	18	8.5 x 4 x 1.75	- 1
00-263-8640	Can	5 gal	N/A	
00-935-9793*	Drum	120	8.5 x 4 x 1.75	Ш
00-264-6573	Can	130	5 x 4.75 x .5	Ι
00-264-6572	Drum	150	8.5 x 4 x 1.75	- 1
00-194-3291	Drum	200 lb	N/A	III
00-935-9794	Drum	240	7 x 4 x 1.12	Ш
00-264-6562	Can	250	3.75 x 2.25 x .25	I
00-809-7321*	Can	5 gal	N/A	- 1
00-264-6571	Drum	300	7 x 4 x 1.12	Ι
00-935-9795	Drum	400	5.5 x 4.75 x .75	II
00-264-6561*	Can	450	2.5 x 2.25 x .20	I
00-264-6568	Can	450	2.75 x 2.25 x .25	- 1
00-264-6574	Drum	500	5.5 x 4.75 x .75	I
00-935-9799*	Can	650	2.5 x 2.25 x .20	- II
00-619-7805	Drum	800	5 x 4.75 x .5	- 1
00-935-9796*	Drum	1,000	3.75 x 2.25 x .25	II
00-264-6564	Can	1,200	2.5 x 2.25 x .20	I
00-619-7804	Drum	1,300	3.75 x 2.25 x .25	I

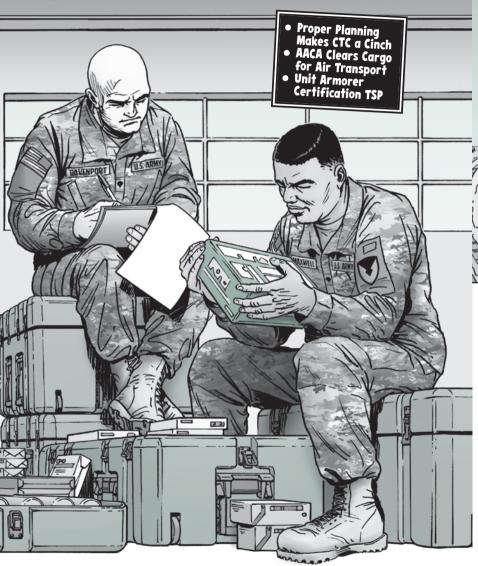
* These NSNs are not listed on the AMDF. Order them on DD-Form 1348-6 and put "NSN not on AMDF" in the REMARKS block.

REMEMBER,
BY KEEPING
EQUIPMENT AND
SUPPLIES DRY,
YOU CAN MAKE
'EM LAST LONGER
AND HEAD OFF
CORROSION.



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PS LOGISTICS

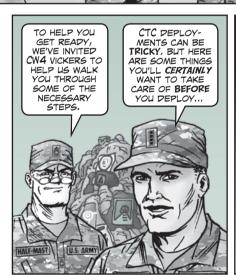


Logistics Assistance...

Proper Planning Makes CTC a Cinch

GETTING READY TO DEPLOY TO ONE OF THE ARMY'S COMBAT TRAINING CENTERS CAN SEEM LIKE A **HUGE CHORE**. BUT PROPER PLANNING AND PREPARATION CAN ENSURE THAT YOU AND YOUR UNIT HAVE EVERYTHING YOU NEED FOR A SUCCESSFUL MISSION.





MAKE SURE YOUR UNIT CONTACTS
ITS ASSIGNED COMBAINING
CENTER (CTC) AOMBAIT
SUSTAINMENT SUPPORT BATTALION
(CSGB) AND BRIGADE COMBAIT
TEAM (BCT) AHEAD OF ARRIVAL.





YOU CAN'T JUST SHOW UP AT ANY OF THE CTC POSTS WITHOUT NOTICE, SO MAKE SURE THAT YOUR CSSB AND BCT ARE IN THE KNOW ABOUT WHEN YOUR UNIT WILL ARRIVE. IT'S ALSO A
GOOD IDEA TO
KEEP THEM IN THE
LOOP ABOUT ANY
PERSONNEL OR
LOGISTICS ISSUES
YOU RUN INTO.



AND REMEMBER THAT THE DODAAC PROCESS IS DIFFERENT FOR ACTIVE DUTY AND RESERVE OR NATIONAL GUARD UNITS.

NEXT, TAKE A CLOSE LOOK AT

YOUR ORGANIZATIONAL CLOTHING AND INDIVIDUAL EQUIPMENT (OCIE) CHECKLISTS. THE CHECKLIST WILL TELL YOU WHAT CLOTHING, BOOTS AND BODY ARMOR YOUR SOLDIERS WILL NEED.

THE OCIE ALSO COVERS THE MODULAR LIGHTWEIGHT LOAD CARRYING EQUIPMENT (MOLLE) SYSTEM.



IF YOU MAKE IT TO CTC AND REALIZE YOU'VE LEFT WITHOUT THE RIGHT CBRN GEAR, IT'S ALREADY TOO LATE AND THAT'S GOING TO IMPACT YOUR TRAINING. THERE ARE MANY
MORE THINGS
TO DO BEFORE
PEPLOYING TO CTC,
WAY TOO MANY TO
LIST HERE.

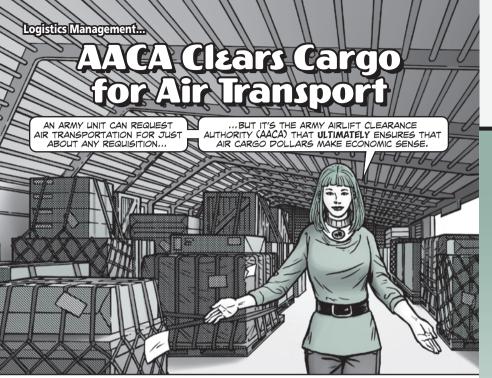
CW4 VICKERS PUT TOGETHER A HELPFUL CHECKLIST THAT'S NOW AVAILABLE IN THE RESOURCES SECTION OF THE PS MAGAZINE MOBILE APP.



IF YOU'P LIKE YOUR OWN COPY, EMAIL US AT: usarmy.redstone.logsa.mbx.psmag@mail.mil



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The source of supply (SOS) makes decisions on shipping by air or surface based upon the requisitioner's requirements. If the SOS decides to airlift for shipment it has to submit a DD Form 1384, Advance Transportation Control and Movement Document (ATCMD) to the AACA.

That information is entered into the Financial Air Clearance and Transportation System (FACTS) and evaluated against a series of HQDA G4 policies and the Defense Transportation Regulation (DTR).

Most shipments, about 93 percent, are automatically validated in FACTS and released for shipment. The AACA's job is to make sure that mission-essential deliveries are airlifted and less urgent items use less expensive surface transportation.

AACA does that with the cargo challenge process. When shipments exceed the established criteria, they're challenged by the AACA staff. The Traffic Management Specialist contacts a POC in the geographic area of the shipment destination.

The area POC contacts the requisitioner to determine if air transportation is needed for the shipment. Once both parties reach a decision, AACA is notified and the shipment is released, using either air or surface mode, depending on the final decision. If there's no response from the requisitioner during the three-day working day window, AACA can divert the shipment to surface mode.

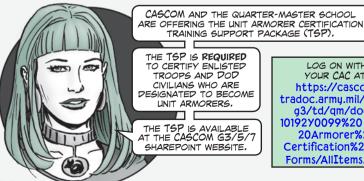
Deployed units can contact AACA directly if they know in advance that a shipment will need airlift. The unit will need to provide a letter of justification to AACA to support air movement.

The AACA makes sure that the troops get what they need, while ensuring the Army doesn't waste money on transportation. In the first ten months of FY17, AACA saved the Army \$87 million dollars in transportation costs avoidance!

Got questions? Email: usarmy.redstone.logsa.mbx.aaca@mail.mil

Unit Armorer **Certification TSP**





LOG ON WITH YOUR CAC AT: https://cascom. tradoc.armu.mil/sites/ g3/td/qm/docs/ 10192Y0099%20 Unit% 20Armorer%20 Certification%2060/ Forms/AllItems.aspx

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Would You Stake Your Life on the Condition of Your Equipment?

HEARD ABOUT PS MAGAZINE'S MOBILE APP? THOMAS

the Apple Store or Google Play:

https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/p.s.magazine/id1082232259?mt:8

https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id:mil.logsa.army.psmag&hl:en

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DON'T FORGET YOUR:

GOGGLES



GLOVES



RESPIRATOR



AND A DRIP PAN, TOO!

